#### § 761.260

samples were taken in a pipeline section, assume that the PCB surface concentration for the entire pipeline section is the arithmetic mean of the concentrations measured in all representative samples taken.

(c) For purposes of removal for disposal under  $\$761.60(b)(5)(ii)(A)(\emph{1})$  or abandonment under \$761.60(b)(5)(ii)(B), if the surface PCB concentration of a pipe segment, determined by direct measurement or in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, or of a pipeline section as determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, is >10  $\mu g/100$  cm², but <100  $\mu g/100$  cm², then that segment or section is PCB-Contaminated.

# Subpart N—Cleanup Site Characterization Sampling for PCB Remediation Waste in Accordance with § 761.61(a)(2)

SOURCE: 63 FR 35464, June 29, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 761.260 Applicability.

This subpart provides a method for collecting new data for characterizing a PCB remediation waste cleanup site or for assessing the sufficiency of existing site characterization data, as required by §761.61(a)(2).

# § 761.265 Sampling bulk PCB remediation waste and porous surfaces.

- (a) Use a grid interval of 3 meters and the procedures in §§761.283 and 761.286 to sample bulk PCB remediation waste that is not in a container and porous surfaces.
- (b) Use the following procedures to sample bulk PCB remediation waste that is in a single container.
- (1) Use a core sampler to collect a minimum of one core sample for the entire depth of the waste at the center of the container. Collect a minimum of 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of waste for analysis.
- (2) If more than one core sample is taken, thoroughly mix all samples into a composite sample. Take a subsample of a minimum of 50 cm³ from the mixed composite for analysis.
- (c) Use the following procedures to sample bulk PCB remediation waste that is in more than one container.

- (1) Segregate the containers by type (for example, a 55-gallon drum and a roll-off container are types of containers).
- (2) For fewer than three containers of the same type, sample all containers.
- (3) For more than three containers of the same type, list the containers and assign each container an unique sequential number. Use a random number generator or table to select a minimum of 10 percent of the containers from the list, or select three containers, whichever is the larger.
- (4) Sample the selected container(s) according to paragraph (b) of this section.

## § 761.267 Sampling non-porous sur faces.

- (a) Sample large, nearly flat, non-porous surfaces by dividing the surface into roughly square portions approximately 2 meters on each side. Follow the procedures in §761.302(a).
- (b) It is not necessary to sample small or irregularly shaped surfaces.

### § 761.269 Sampling liquid PCB remediation waste.

- (a) If the liquid is single phase, collect and analyze one sample. There are no required procedures for collecting a sample.
- (b) If the liquid is multi-phasic, separate the phases, and collect and analyze a sample from each liquid phase. There are no required procedures for collecting a sample from each single phase liquid.
- (c) If the liquid has a non-liquid phase which is >0.5 percent by total weight of the waste, separate the non-liquid phase from the liquid phase and sample it separately as a non-liquid in accordance with §761.265.

## § 761.272 Chemical extraction and analysis of samples.

Use either Method 3500B/3540C or Method 3500B/3550B from EPA's SW-846, Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, or a method validated under subpart Q of this part, for chemical extraction of PCBs from individual and composite samples of PCB remediation waste. Use Method 8082 from SW-846, or a method validated under subpart Q of